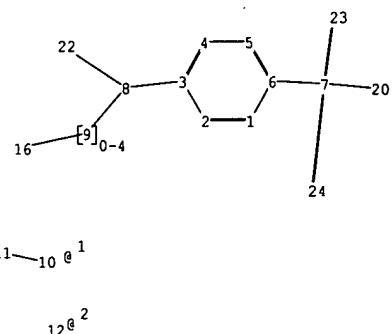
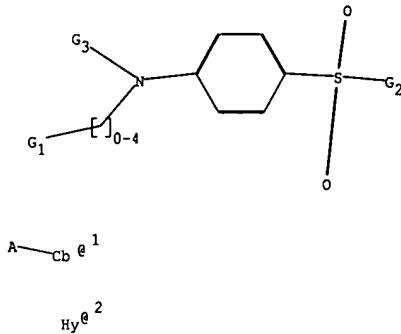


Structure search after final amend.  
2/18/03



chain nodes :  
 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 20 22 23 24  
 ring nodes :  
 1 2 3 4 5 6  
 chain bonds :  
 3-8 6-7 7-20 7-23 7-24 8-9 8-22 9-16 10-11  
 ring bonds :  
 1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6  
 exact/norm bonds :  
 3-8 6-7 7-20 7-23 7-24 8-9 8-22 9-16 10-11  
 normalized bonds :  
 1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

G1:[\*1],[\*2]

G2:C,N,Cb

G3:C,Cy

Match level :  
 1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:Atom  
 11:CLASS 12:Atom 16:CLASS 20:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:ssspta1611hx1

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* Welcome to STN International \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America  
NEWS 2 Apr 08 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock  
NEWS 3 Apr 09 BEILSTEIN: Reload and Implementation of a New Subject Area  
NEWS 4 Apr 09 ZDB will be removed from STN  
NEWS 5 Apr 19 US Patent Applications available in IFICDB, IFIPAT, and IFIUDB  
NEWS 6 Apr 22 Records from IP.com available in CAPLUS, HCAPLUS, and ZCAPLUS  
NEWS 7 Apr 22 BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER  
NEWS 8 Apr 22 Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available  
NEWS 9 Jun 03 New e-mail delivery for search results now available  
NEWS 10 Jun 10 MEDLINE Reload  
NEWS 11 Jun 10 PCTFULL has been reloaded  
NEWS 12 Jul 02 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment  
NEWS 13 Jul 22 USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;  
saved answer sets no longer valid  
NEWS 14 Jul 29 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY  
NEWS 15 Jul 30 NETFIRST to be removed from STN  
NEWS 16 Aug 08 CANCERLIT reload  
NEWS 17 Aug 08 PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN  
NEWS 18 Aug 08 NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced  
NEWS 19 Aug 19 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)  
now available on STN  
NEWS 20 Aug 19 IFIPAT, IFICDB, and IFIUDB have been reloaded  
NEWS 21 Aug 19 The MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER has been reloaded  
NEWS 22 Aug 26 Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced  
NEWS 23 Sep 03 JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced  
NEWS 24 Sep 16 Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file  
NEWS 25 Sep 16 CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA  
NEWS 26 Oct 01 CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985  
NEWS 27 Oct 21 EVENTLINE has been reloaded  
NEWS 28 Oct 24 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields  
NEWS 29 Oct 24 Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN  
NEWS 30 Oct 25 MEDLINE SDI run of October 8, 2002  
NEWS 31 Nov 18 DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT  
NEWS 32 Nov 25 More calculated properties added to REGISTRY  
NEWS 33 Dec 02 TIBKAT will be removed from STN  
NEWS 34 Dec 04 CSA files on STN  
NEWS 35 Dec 17 PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date  
NEWS 36 Dec 17 TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content  
NEWS 37 Dec 17 Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN  
NEWS 38 Dec 30 ISMEC no longer available  
NEWS 39 Jan 13 Indexing added to some pre-1967 records in CA/CAPLUS  
NEWS 40 Jan 21 NUTRACEUT offering one free connect hour in February 2003  
NEWS 41 Jan 21 PHARMAML offering one free connect hour in February 2003

02/18/2003 Print selected from Online session

NEWS 42 Jan 29 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to COMPENDEX,  
ENERGY, INSPEC  
NEWS 43 Feb 13 CANCERLIT is no longer being updated

NEWS EXPRESS	January 6 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 OCTOBER 2002
NEWS HOURS	STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER	General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN	Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE	Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW	CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:24:02 ON 18 FEB 2003

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:24:11 ON 18 FEB 2003  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 17 FEB 2003 HIGHEST RN 491570-72-0  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 17 FEB 2003 HIGHEST RN 491570-72-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

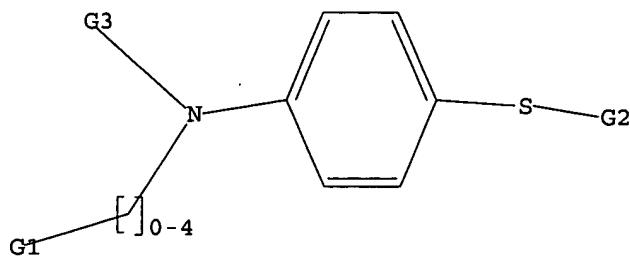
=>  
Uploading 09844061.str

## L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

02/18/2003

Print selected from Online session

=> d l1  
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS  
L1 STR



A—Cb 1

Hy 2

G1 [@1], [@2]

G2 C, N, Cb

G3 C, Cy

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1  
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:24:29 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 14658 TO ITERATE

6.8% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS  
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

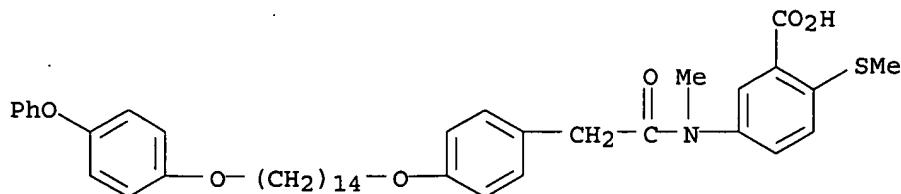
1 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 285919 TO 300401  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 64 TO 522

L2 1 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> d scan

L2 1 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
IN Benzoic acid, 5-[methyl[[4-[(14-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)tetradecyl]oxy)phenyl]acetyl]amino]-2-(methylthio)- (9CI)  
MF C43 H53 N O6 S



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

=> s 11 ful  
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 16:25:10 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 293378 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 293378 ITERATIONS 1395 ANSWERS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.06

L3 1395 SEA SSS FUL L1

=>  
Uploading 09844061.str

L4 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 14  
L4 HAS NO ANSWERS  
L4 STR

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

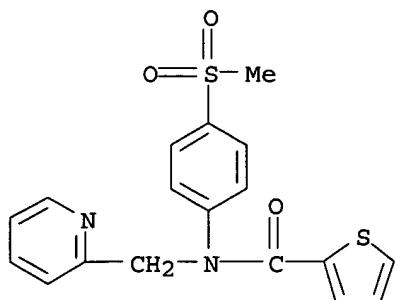
=> s 14 ful sub=l3  
FULL SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 16:26:10 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
FULL SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 901 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 901 ITERATIONS 900 ANSWERS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L5 900 SEA SUB=L3 SSS FUL L4

=> d scan

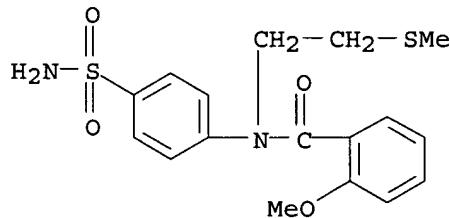
L5 900 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
IN 2-Thiophenecarboxamide, N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-(2-pyridinylmethyl)-  
(9CI)  
MF C18 H16 N2 O3 S2



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

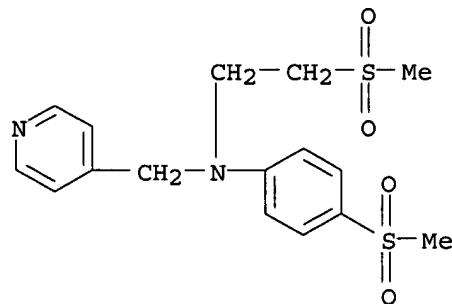
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):2

L5 900 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 IN Benzamide, N-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-2-methoxy-N-[2-(methylthio)ethyl] -  
 (9CI)  
 MF C17 H20 N2 O4 S2



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

L5 900 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 IN 4-Pyridinemethanamine, N-[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl] - (9CI)  
 MF C16 H20 N2 O4 S2



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):end

```
=> d scanfil caplus
'SCANFIL' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'REGISTRY'
'CAPLUS' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'REGISTRY'
```

The following are valid formats:

Substance information can be displayed by requesting individual fields or predefined formats. The predefined substance formats are: (RN = CAS Registry Number)

REG	- RN
SAM	- Index Name, MF, and structure - no RN
FIDE	- All substance data, except sequence data
IDE	- FIDE, but only 50 names
SQIDE	- IDE, plus sequence data
SQIDE3	- Same as SQIDE, but 3-letter amino acid codes are used
SQD	- Protein sequence data, includes RN
SQD3	- Same as SQD, but 3-letter amino acid codes are used
SQN	- Protein sequence name information, includes RN
CALC	- Table of calculated properties
EPROP	- Table of experimental properties
PROP	- EPROP and CALC

Any CA File format may be combined with any substance format to obtain CA references citing the substance. The substance formats must be cited first. The CA File predefined formats are:

ABS	-- Abstract
APPS	-- Application and Priority Information
BIB	-- CA Accession Number, plus Bibliographic Data
CAN	-- CA Accession Number
CBIB	-- CA Accession Number, plus Bibliographic Data (compressed)
IND	-- Index Data
IPC	-- International Patent Classification
PATS	-- PI, SO
STD	-- BIB, IPC, and NCL
IABS	--ABS, indented, with text labels
IBIB	-- BIB, indented, with text labels
ISTD	-- STD format, indented
OBIB	----- AN, plus Bibliographic Data (original)
OIBIB	----- OBIB, indented with text labels
SBIB	----- BIB, no citations
SIBIB	----- IBIB, no citations

The ALL format gives FIDE BIB ABS IND RE, plus sequence data when it is available.

The MAX format is the same as ALL.

The IALL format is the same as ALL with BIB ABS and IND indented, with text labels.

For additional information, please consult the following help messages:

HELP DFIELDS -- To see a complete list of individual display fields.  
 HELP FORMATS -- To see detailed descriptions of the predefined formats.  
 ENTER DISPLAY FORMAT (IDE):end

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	186.25	186.46

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:29:34 ON 18 FEB 2003

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 18 Feb 2003 VOL 138 ISS 8

FILE LAST UPDATED: 17 Feb 2003 (20030217/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 15

L6 348 L5

=> d abs ibib hitstr 338-348

L6 ANSWER 338 OF 348 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Furfurylamine derivs. (I, R = Me, Cl, CN, F3C, F2CH, MeSO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>NCO; R1 = Me, Et, Pr, Bu, Me<sub>2</sub>CH, MeOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>; R2 = H, Me) and tetrahydrofurfuryl derivs. of I (II, R = Me, Cl, I, F3C, F2CH, MeSO<sub>2</sub>; R1 = Me, Et, Pr, Bu; R2 = H, Me) useful as pre- and postemergent herbicides for graminaceous weeds were prep'd. by arylating the amines with 4,3,5-Cl(O<sub>2</sub>N)2C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. Thus 56 g 4,3,5-Cl(O<sub>2</sub>N)2C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>Me, 27 g N-ethyltetrahydro-furfurylamine, and 21 g Et<sub>3</sub>N in EtOH gave 69 g II (R = MeSO<sub>2</sub>, R1 = Et, R2 = H). I (R = F3C; R1 = Me, Et, R2 = H) at preemergent applications of 1 and 8 kg/ha killed Digitaria sanguinalis, Poa trivialis, Alopecurus myosuroides, Echinochloa curs-galli and Setaria italica in cotton and soybeans with greater selectivity than 4-trifluoromethyl-2,6-dinitro-N,N-dipropylaniline.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:488282 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:88282

TITLE: Herbicidal furfurylamines

INVENTOR(S): Bader, Joerg; Schempp, Heinrich; Vogel, Christian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agripat S. A.

SOURCE: S. African, 30 pp.

CODEN: SFXXAB

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

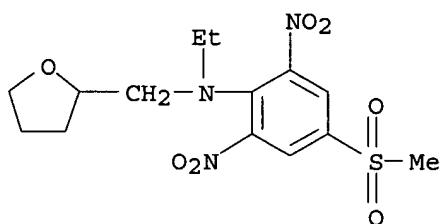
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ZA 7103898	-----	19711214	-----	-----

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CH 1970-9181 19700616

IT 34129-04-9P 34129-16-3P 38105-67-8P  
38105-69-0P 38105-77-0PRL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

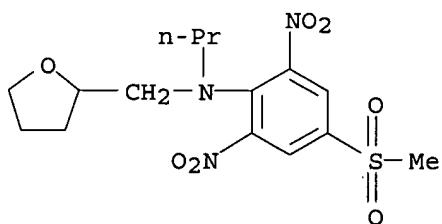
RN 34129-04-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Furanmethanamine, N-ethyltetrahydro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)-2,6-dinitrophenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



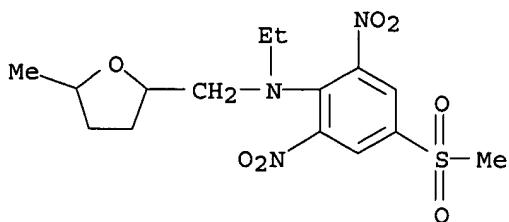
RN 34129-16-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Furanmethanamine, tetrahydro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)-2,6-dinitrophenyl]-N-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

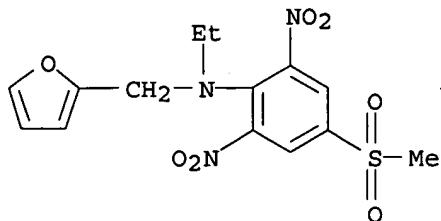


RN 38105-67-8 CAPLUS

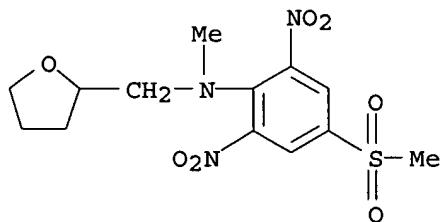
CN 2-Furanmethanamine, N-ethyltetrahydro-5-methyl-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)-2,6-dinitrophenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 38105-69-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Furanmethanamine, N-ethyl-N- [4- (methylsulfonyl) -2,6-dinitrophenyl] -  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38105-77-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Furanmethanamine, tetrahydro-N-methyl-N- [4- (methylsulfonyl) -2,6-  
dinitrophenyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 339 OF 348 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AB The glycidylamides I (A = n-valent radical, n > 1, R = monovalent radical, X = H or Me), useful in the prepn. of epoxy resins, are prepd. by reaction of the corresponding amides with epihalohydrins. Thus, a mixt. of bis(4-acetamidophenyl) sulfone 166.2, epichlorohydrin 1387.5, and 50% Me4NCl 5.9 g is refluxed 2 hr, vacuum distd. at 60.deg./60-95 mm, and treated over 3.5 hr with 100.0 g 50% NaOH to give 178.0 g N,N'-diacetyl-N,N'-diglycidylbis(p-aminophenyl) sulfone (I, A = sulfonyl-di-p-phenylene, n = 2, R = Me, X = H) (II) [35187-00-9]. The exothermic reaction of II 35, 1,4-butanediol diglycidyl ether 25, and hexahydrophthalic anhydride 52 parts gives a red resin having good mech. properties.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:435489 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:35489

TITLE: Polyglycidyl compounds useful in hardenable epoxy  
resin mixtures

INVENTOR(S): Habermeier, Juergen; Batzer, Hans; Porret, Daniel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G.

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 39 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2148409	A	19720330	DE 1971-2148409	19710928

CH 541552	A	19731031	CH 1970-14503	19700929
GB 1360264	A	19740717	GB 1971-44959	19710927
FR 2108063	A1	19720512	FR 1971-34812	19710928
FR 2108063	A5	19720512		

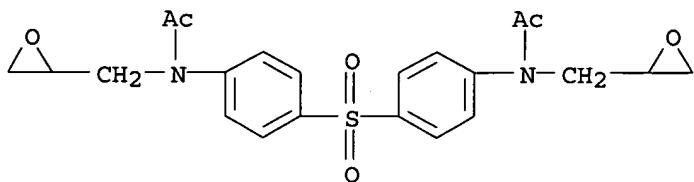
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CH 1970-14503 19700929

IT 35187-00-9P

RL: PREP (Preparation)  
(manuf. of, for epoxy resin prepn.)

RN 35187-00-9 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N,N'-(sulfonyldi-4,1-phenylene)bis[N-(oxiranylmethyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)]



L6 ANSWER 340 OF 348 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AB Herbicidal title compds. 4,2,6-R2(O2N)2C6H2NRR1 (I) were prepd. by reaction of 4,2,6-R2(O2N)2C6H2Cl (II) with HNRR1 and used at 5.60 and 11.2 kg/ha, resp., in pre- and post-emergence tests as suspensions against weeds, e.g. crabgrass, zinnia, or foxtail, without affecting, e.g., cotton, corn, or rice. Thus, 5.5 g II (R2=CF3) in 30 ml C6H6 was added within 20 min to a mixt. contg. 3.3 g N-propyltetrahydrofurfurylamine and 3.0 g Et3N in 125 ml C6H6 and the mixt. refluxed 5 hr to give 6.8 g red oily I (R=Pr, R1=tetrahydrofurfuryl, R2=CF3). Similarly prepd. were 26 other I, e.g. (R-R2 given): Pr, CH2Ph, CF3; Et, 2-picoly, SO2Me; and Pr, CH2Ph, SO2NH2.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:551512 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 75:151512

TITLE: Herbicidal 2,6-dinitroanilines

INVENTOR(S): Maravetz, Lester L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Esso Research and Engineering Co.

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 37 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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DE 2108346	A	19710916	DE 1971-2108346	19710222
US 3686230	A	19720822	US 1970-18407	19700224

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1970-18407 19700224

IT 34129-04-9P 34129-05-0P 34129-15-2P

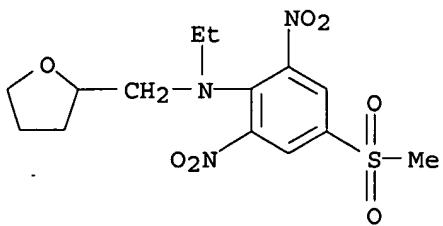
34129-16-3P 34129-21-0P 34129-22-1P

34129-23-2P 34129-24-3P

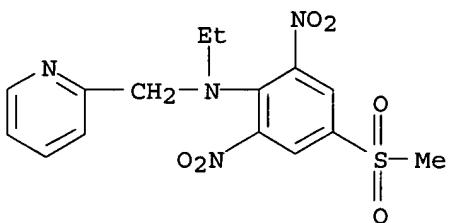
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prep. of)

RN 34129-04-9 CAPLUS

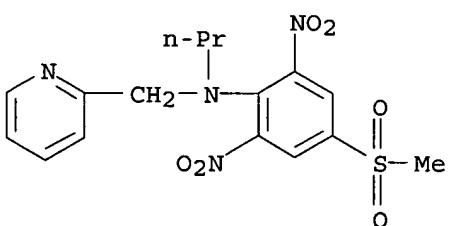
CN 2-Furanmethanamine, N-ethyltetrahydro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)-2,6-dinitrophenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



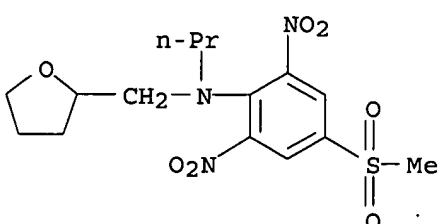
RN 34129-05-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, N-ethyl-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)-2,6-dinitrophenyl]-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 34129-15-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinemethanamine, N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)-2,6-dinitrophenyl]-N-propyl-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

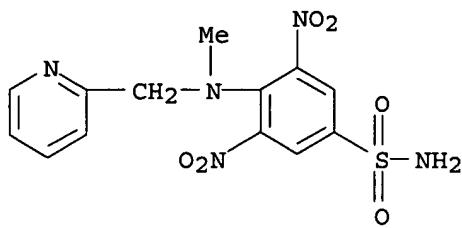


RN 34129-16-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Furanmethanamine, tetrahydro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)-2,6-dinitrophenyl]-N-  
 propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

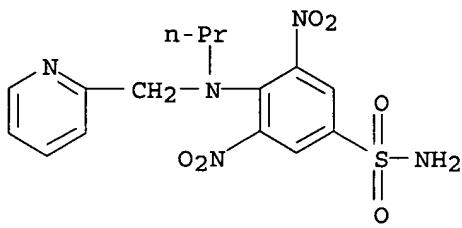


RN 34129-21-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[methyl(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]-3,5-dinitro- (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

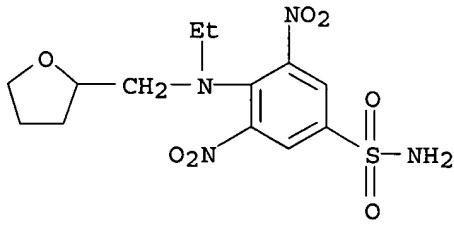


RN 34129-22-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 3,5-dinitro-4-[propyl(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

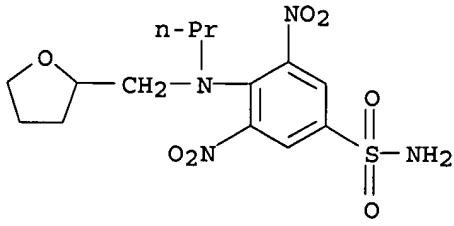
RN 34129-23-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[ethyl[(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]amino]-3,5-dinitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 34129-24-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 3,5-dinitro-4-[propyl[(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 341 OF 348 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title compds. of the general formula I, where Z is the residue of an aminoazo compds. contg.  $\geq 2$  SO<sub>3</sub>H groups, optionally copperized, and X = O or SO<sub>2</sub>, are yellowish orange to blue dyes for cellulosic textiles. Thus, (p-H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub> and II yielded the corresponding bluish red I. Similarly, 7 other I were prep'd.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:500001 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 73:100001

TITLE: Fiber-reactive dyes

INVENTOR(S): Andrew, Herbert F.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd.

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 38 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2000518	A	19700716	DE 1970-2000518	19700107
GB 1260582	A	19720119	GB 1969-1037	19690107
BR 7015829	A0	19730419	BR 1970-215829	19700106
NL 7000136	A	19700709	NL 1970-136	19700107
FR 2027883	A5	19701002	FR 1970-452	19700107
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1969-1037	19690107

IT 29330-69-6 29399-38-0

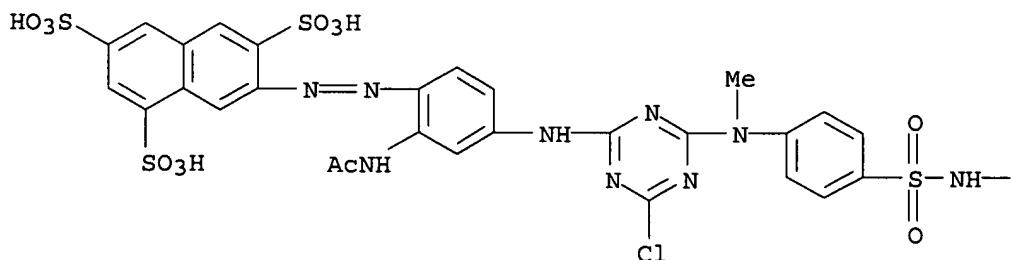
RL: USES (Uses)

(fixation on fiber)

RN 29330-69-6 CAPLUS

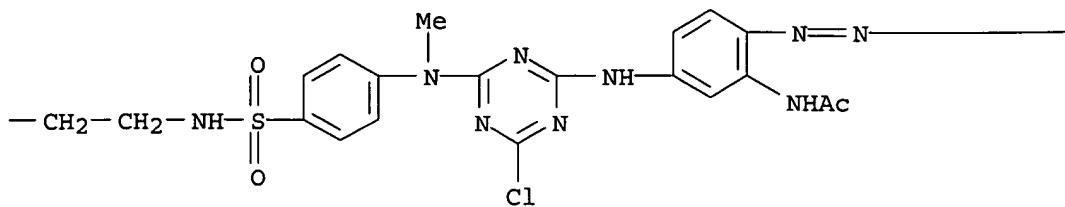
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PAGE 1-A

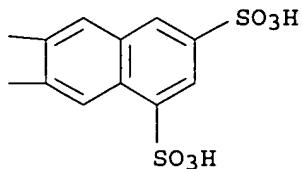


● 6 Na

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HO<sub>3</sub>S—

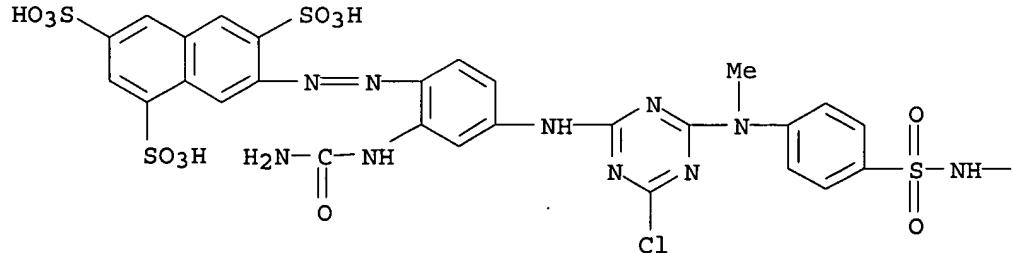
PAGE 1-C



RN 29399-38-0 CAPLUS

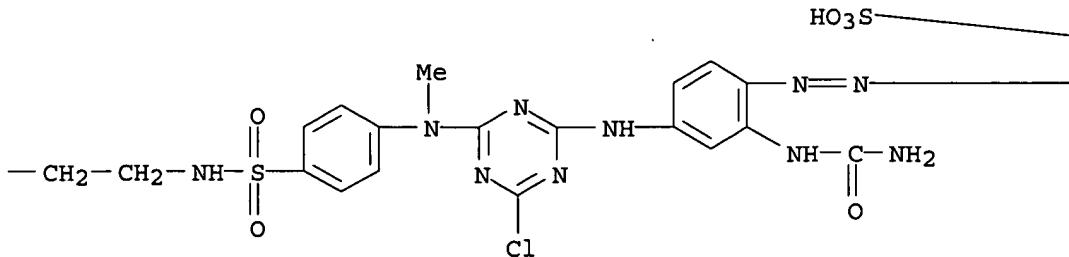
CN 1,3,6-Naphthalenetrisulfonic acid, 7,7'-[ethylenebis[iminosulfonyl-p-phenylene(methylimino)(6-chloro-s-triazine-4,2-diyl)imino(2-ureido-p-phenylene)azo]]di-, hexasodium salt (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

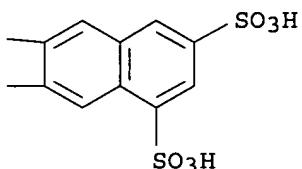


● 6 Na

PAGE 1-B



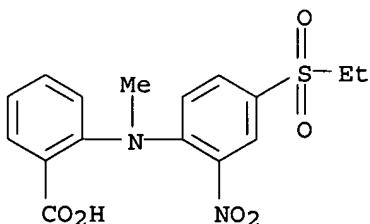
PAGE 1-C



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 AB A mixt. of 57.5 g. 2-nitro-4-ethylsulfonylchlorobenzene, 31.5 g. anthranilic acid, and 300 ml. n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>11</sub>OH is refluxed 2 hrs. with 33 g. K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> and 1 g. Cu powder to give 55 g. 4,2-EtSO<sub>2</sub>(O<sub>2</sub>N)-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>NRC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H-2 (I) (R = H), m. 244-5.degree. (EtOH-Me<sub>2</sub>CO). Similarly is prep'd. I (R = Me), m. 171-2.degree. (iso-PrOH-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>). I (R = H) (55 g.) is heated with 1.6 l. MeOH satd. with HCl, the resulting Me ester (m. 134-6.degree.) subjected to catalytic redn. using 25 ml. Raney Ni in 750 ml. MeOH, and the resulting Me N-[2-amino-4-(ethylsulfonylphenyl)]anthranilate (m. 128-30.degree.) heated with 20% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> 4 hrs. to give 84.2% II (R = H), m. 141-3.degree. (EtOH-Me<sub>2</sub>CO). Also is prep'd. II (R = Me), m. 256-7.degree. (dioxane). II (R = H) (3 g.) in 100 ml. dioxane is refluxed 3 hrs. with 0.6 g. NaNH<sub>2</sub> and heated 2.5 hrs. with 1.1 g. Me<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl to give 2.61 g. III (R = H, n = 2), m. 163-5.degree.. Similarly prep'd. are the following III (R, n, % yield, and m.p. given): H, 3, 54, 230-2.degree.; Me, 2, 78, 217-19.degree.; and Me, 3, 77, 231-2.degree.. III (R = H, n = 2) (3 g.) is heated with 1.2 g. LiAlH<sub>4</sub> and 80 ml. 3:1 tetrahydrofuran-Et<sub>2</sub>O 40 hrs. to give 0.97 g. IV (R = H), m. 202-7.degree. (MeOH-Et<sub>2</sub>O). Similarly prep'd. is IV (R = Me), m. 200-2.degree. (EtOH-Et<sub>2</sub>O). II (R = H) (10 g.) is refluxed with 1.95 g. NaNH<sub>2</sub> and 5 g. MeI in dioxane to give 6.8 g. 8-ethylsulfonyl-10-methyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11(10H)-one (V), m. 151-61.degree. (EtOH). V (5 g.) in 100 ml. xylene is refluxed 3 hrs. with 0.95 g. 43.9% NaH and heated another 17 hrs. with 1.8 g. Me<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl to give 3.03 g. 5-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-8-ethylsulfonyl-10-methyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin - 11(10H)-one-HCl, m. 265-9.degree. (MeOH-Et<sub>2</sub>O). 2,4-Dinitrochlorobenzene (33.3 g.) is condensed with 23.3 g. anthranilic acid (VI) by refluxing 6 hrs. in a mixt. of 27 g. K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, 0.5 g. KI, and 600 ml. EtOH to give 42.7 g. VII (R = H), m. 258-9.5.degree. (EtOH-Me<sub>2</sub>CO). The use of N-methylanthranilic acid instead of VI gives VII (R = Me), m. 176-8.degree. (EtOH). VII (R = H) (50 g.) is heated with 39 g. PCl<sub>5</sub> in 700 ml. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> 6 hrs., the resulting acid chloride heated in 700 ml. MeOH 3.5 hrs., the Me ester (45 g.) (m. 166-7.degree.) thus obtained

subjected to catalytic redn. over Raney Ni in 700 ml. MeOH, and the resulting amino compd. (m. 126-9.degree.) (2 g.) refluxed 4 hrs. with 0.7 g. NaNH<sub>2</sub> and 30 ml. dioxane to give 0.44 g. VIII (R = H), m. 215-16.degree. (MeOH). VII (R = Me) (75 g.) is subjected to catalytic redn. over Raney Ni in 550 ml. MeOH with 110 atm. H<sub>2</sub>, and the resulting powder (m. 155-60.degree.) heated with 500 ml. 10% HCl 45 min. and worked up to give 10.5 g. VIII (R = Me), m. 233-5.degree. (EtOH-Me<sub>2</sub>CO). VIII (R = Me) (3 g.) is diazotized with 0.9 g. NaNO<sub>2</sub> in a mixt. of 7 ml. concd. HCl and 5 ml. AcOH and treated with 10 ml. 40% NHMe<sub>2</sub> soln. to give 1.25 g. 5-methyl-8-dimethylsulfamyl-5H-dibenzo-[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11(10H)-one (IX), m. 266-9.degree. (aq. dioxane). IX is treated as in the prepn. of III to give 37.5% 5-methyl-8-dimethylsulfamyl-10-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5H-dibenzo [b,e]-[1,4]diazepin-11(10H)-one; HCl salt m. 192-5.degree. (EtOH-Me<sub>2</sub>CO). Among the compds. synthesized, III (R = Me, n = 2) was found to be a potent antidepressant with low toxicity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:403368 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 71:3368  
 TITLE: Synthesis of dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepine derivatives as anti-depressants  
 AUTHOR(S): Takeda, Mikio; Matsubara, Mitsuru; Kugita, Hiroshi  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Org. Chem. Re. Lab., Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Toda, Japan  
 SOURCE: Yakugaku Zasshi (1969), 89(2), 158-63  
 CODEN: YKKZAJ; ISSN: 0031-6903  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 IT 22777-14-6P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)  
 RN 22777-14-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Anthranilic acid, N-[4-(ethylsulfonyl)-2-nitrophenyl]-N-methyl- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB 2,4-Dihalo-5-sulfamoylbenzoic acids and their functional derivs. reacted at higher temp. with primary and secondary amines, NH<sub>3</sub>, and N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> with the exchange of 1 halogen atom by a basic group. Some of the condensation products, particularly 4-chloro-5-sulfamoyl-N-(2-furylmethyl)anthranilic acid (furosemide) (I), exhibited a high saluretic and diuretic activity. 2,4-C<sub>12</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (40 g.) added at room temp. with stirring to 120 cc. ClSO<sub>3</sub>H, heated rapidly to 155.degree. stirred 2 hrs. at 155.degree., cooled, and added dropwise to 1 kg. ice, and the moist, yellowish 2,4,5-C<sub>12</sub>(ClO<sub>2</sub>S)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (II) [dried, m. 167-75.degree., 184.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>-petr. ether)] added in portions with stirring and cooling to 400 cc. concd. HCl, kept overnight, and acidified with HCl to pH 2 yielded 39 g. III (R = R' = H, X = Y = Cl) (IV), m. 233.degree. (H<sub>2</sub>O). II with 400

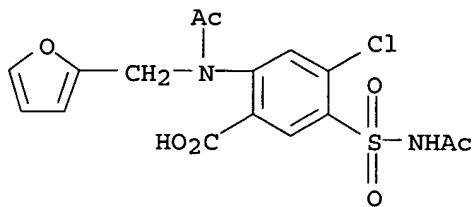
cc. 10% aq. MeNH<sub>2</sub> gave similarly 34 g. III (R = Me, R' = H, X = Y = Cl) (V), m. 200.degree. (50% EtOH), and with 400 cc. 15% aq. Me<sub>2</sub>NH yielded 39 g. III (R = R' = Me, X = Y = Cl), m. 182.degree. (aq. EtOH). 2,4-H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>1</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et (100 g.) and 300 cc. 5N HCl heated 10 min. on a steam bath, cooled to 0.degree. treated with 35 g. NaNO<sub>2</sub>, filtered, and treated 1 hr. at 0.degree. with 200 g. 60% HBF<sub>4</sub> yielded 116 g. [5,2-Cl(EtO<sub>2</sub>C)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>]BF<sub>4</sub>, decomp. 147.degree., which fused over a free flame until the BF<sub>3</sub> evolution ceased gave crude 4,2-ClFC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et; this refluxed 1 hr. with 40 g. KOH in 200 cc. 50% EtOH and acidified with 2N HCl yielded 48 g. 4,2-ClFC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (VI), m. 203-4.degree. (30% EtOH). VI (35 g.) treated successively with ClSO<sub>3</sub>H and NH<sub>4</sub>OH gave 26g. III (R = R' = H, X = Cl, Y = F) (VII), m. 242-3.degree. (80% EtOH). 4,2-H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>1</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et (100 g.) was converted via the [3,4-Cl(EtO<sub>2</sub>C)C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>]BF<sub>4</sub>, decomp. 125.degree., and 2,4-ClFC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, m. 180-1.degree., to 27 g. (crude) III (R = R' = H, X = F, Y = Cl) (VIII), m. 246.degree. (H<sub>2</sub>O). IV (27 g.) refluxed 1 hr. with 35 cc. SOCl<sub>2</sub> and evapd., and the residue dissolved in 100 cc. MeOH, basified dropwise with cooling with Et<sub>3</sub>N, and warmed to room temp. yielded 21.6 g. Me ester of IV, m. 202.degree. (80% EtOH). Similarly was prep'd. the Et ester of IV, 77%, m. 116.degree. (EtOH). IV (27 g.) treated with SOCl<sub>2</sub>, and the crude acid chloride stirred into 200 cc. concd. NH<sub>4</sub>OH, concd. to half-vol., and adjusted to pH 4.0 gave 16 g. amide (IX) of IV, m. 208-10.degree. (80% EtOH). The acid chloride from a similar run treated with 100 cc. 40% aq. EtNH<sub>2</sub> gave 21 g. ethylamide (X) of IV, m. 214.degree. (EtOH). A similar run with 40 cc. BuNH<sub>2</sub> in 100 cc. 80% tetrahydrofuran (THF) gave 23 g. butylamide (XI) of IV, m. 180.degree. (90% EtOH). VIII (25.3 g.) in 250 cc. MeOH treated with 1.05 equivs. CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Et<sub>2</sub>O and kept briefly at room temp. yielded 23.5 g. Me ester of VIII, m. 163-4.degree.. 2,4-Br<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (56 g.) treated successively with ClSO<sub>3</sub>H and NH<sub>4</sub>OH yielded 36 g. III (R = R' = H, X = Y = Br) (XII), m. 243.degree. (aq. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>). The appropriate III heated with 3-10 equivs. amine with or without solvent heated to a predetd. temp. (runs at temps. above the b.p. of the solvent were performed in an autoclave under N), and the mixt. poured into dil. HCl gave the corresponding XIII. VI (25.3 g.) in 50 g. furfurylamine (XIV) heated 2 hrs. at 95.degree., dild. with 500 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, and acidified at 0.degree. with AcOH gave 28 g. I, decomp. 208.degree. (aq. EtOH). IV (50 g.) and 100 g. XIV heated 4 hrs. at 130.degree. and stirred into 1 l. cold 10% AcOH gave 26 g. I, decomp. 205.degree. (above 245.degree. with blackening). I (1.0 g.) in 10 cc. N NaOH heated 1 hr. on the steam bath and acidified with AcOH was recovered unchanged. I (3.3 g.) and 50 cc. N HCl refluxed 1 hr. gave 0.4 g. III(R = R' = H, X = Cl, Y = NH<sub>2</sub>), decomp. 265.degree. (aq. EtOH). I (66.2 g.) in 600 cc. THF treated with 41.2 g. dicyclohexylcarbodiimide and kept 1 day at room temp. in the dark, and the crude product extd. with 800 cc. boiling EtOH left cryst. anhydride of I and gave 11 g. N-[4-chloro-5-sulfamoyl-2-(2-furymethylamino)benzoyl]-N,N'-dicyclohexylurea (XV), m. 163-5.degree.. The insol. anhydride dissolved in 200 cc. warm HCONMe<sub>2</sub>, filtered, dild. with 200 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O in portions, and kept 3 hrs. at room temp. gave 38 g. pure, pale yellow anhydride (XVI) of I, decomp. 183-5.degree.. XVI (7.0 g.) in 70 cc. 2N NaOH kept 2 hrs. at room temp. and adjusted with 2N HCl to pH 2 yielded 4.8 g. cryst. solid, presumably XVII, decomp. above 210.degree. with blackening. XVI (1 g.) and 10 cc. 20% NH<sub>4</sub>OH stirred 15 min. at 80.degree. gave the amide (XVIII) of I, m. 217.degree. (aq. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>); the aq. filtrate acidified yielded I. Me ester (XIX) (6.9 g.) of I in 50 cc. dioxane heated at 90.degree. with 3.0 g. LiAlH<sub>4</sub> gave 2.8 g. pale yellow 4-chloro-5-sulfamoyl-2-(2-furymethylamino)benzyl alc., m. 157.degree. (H<sub>2</sub>O). I (25 g.), 25 cc. Ac<sub>2</sub>O, and 100 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N heated 1 hr. on the steam bath, dild. with 500 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, and acidified with 3N HCl to pH 3.0 gave 24.2 g. diacetyl deriv. of I, decomp. 205-6.degree. (EtOH). I (16.5 g.) and 7.6 cc. Et<sub>3</sub>N in 100 cc.

dry THF treated at -5.degree. with stirring with 5.2 cc. ClCO<sub>2</sub>Et, stirred 5 min. at 0.degree., and poured into 100 cc. cold, concd. NH<sub>4</sub>OH yielded 2.4 g. XVIII, decomp. 223.degree. (aq. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>). XVIII (4.0 g.) in 40 cc. N NaOH refluxed 1 hr., dild. with H<sub>2</sub>O, and adjusted with AcOH to pH 8.0 gave 1.9 g. I, decomp. 204-5.degree.. XI (9.8 g.) and 20 cc. XIV heated 3 hrs. on the steam bath gave 8.5 g. butylamide of I, m. 180-1.degree. (EtOH). XVI (6.5 g.) in 30 cc. THF treated 0.5 hr. at room temp. with 30 cc. PhCH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> gave 3.9 g. benzylamide of I, m. 195-7.degree. with yellowing (EtOH). Similarly was prep'd. 1.3 g. N,N-pentamethylenehydrazide of I, m. 196-7.degree. (70% EtOH), from 3.0 g. N,N-pentamethylenehydrazine. H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et (3.0 g.) with XVI gave 2.2 g. N-carbethoxymethylamide of I, m. 176.degree. (EtOH), which treated 1 hr. at 25.degree. with 15 cc. N NaOH and adjusted with N HCl to pH 3 yielded 1.7 g. N-carboxymethylamide of I, decomp. 203.degree.. I (33 g.) in 100 cc. THF treated 5 min. with about 200 cc. CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>-Et<sub>2</sub>O yielded 25 g. XIX, m. 184-6.degree.. IV (8.9 g.) in 25 cc. XIV heated 1 hr. at 90.degree. and treated with 200 cc. 10% AcOH yielded 10.6 g. (crude) Et ester (XX) of I, m. 165-7.degree. (EtOH). XX (0.1 g.) in 2 cc. 2N NaOH heated 10 min. at 70.degree. and treated with AcOH gave I. IV (8.9 g.) and 25 cc. XIV heated 2 hrs. at 115.degree. and poured into dil. AcOH, and the ppt. (4.6 g.), m. 134-6.degree. warmed briefly with 30 cc. 2N NaOH at 60-70.degree. and adjusted with AcOH to pH 5 yielded 2.5 g. 4-(2-furylmethylamino)-5-sulfamoyl-N-(2-furylmethyl)-anthranilic acid, decomp. 217.degree. (EtOH). XVIII (3.3 g.), 40 cc. EtOH, 2.0 cc. N NaOH, and 1.2 g. 30% aq. CH<sub>2</sub>O refluxed 0.5 hr. gave 2.3 g. 7-chloro-6-sulfamoyl-1-(2-furylmethyl)-4-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinazoline, decomp. 245.degree. (aq. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>). XII (18 g.) and 36 g. XIV heated 2 hrs. at 125.degree. gave 3.4 g. XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = 2-furylmethyl, X = Br), decomp. 216.degree. (EtOH). VII (8.9 g.) and 20 cc. PhCH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> heated 1.5 hrs. on a steam bath and poured into 250 cc. 10% AcOH, and the ppt. repptd. from 250 cc. N NaHCO<sub>3</sub> with 2N HCl yielded 11.8 g. XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = PhCH<sub>2</sub>, X = Cl) (XXI), decomp. 244.degree. (EtOH). IV (27 g.) and 42 cc. PhCH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> in MeOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH refluxed 3 hrs. yielded 16 g. XXI, decomp. 244-5.degree. (EtOH). Similarly were prep'd. the XIII (X = Cl) listed in the 1st table. XII (36 g.) and PhCH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> gave similarly during 3 hrs. 19 g. XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = PhCH<sub>2</sub>, X = Br), decomp. 247.degree. (50% EtOH). R, R', R'', R''', m.p., % yield, reflux time (hrs.); H, Me, H, PhCH<sub>2</sub>, 238.degree., 70, 3; Me, Me, H, PhCH<sub>2</sub>, 206.degree., 27, 3; H, H, H, .omicron.-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, 220.degree., 27, 4; H, H, H, p-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, 230-1.degree., 35, 4; H, H, Me, PhCH<sub>2</sub>, 202.degree. (decompn.), 42, 2; H, H, H, 2-thenylmethyl, 201.degree. (decompn.), 87, 3; H, H, H, iso-Bu, 236.degree., 46, 3; H, H, H, MeO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, 204.degree., 35, 3; XXI (68.2 g.) with dicyclohexylcarbodiimide yielded 41 g. pale yellow anhydride of XXI, decomp. 207.degree. (repptd. from HCONMe<sub>2</sub> with H<sub>2</sub>O). XXI (34.1 g.) in 100 cc. dioxane treated dropwise with stirring at 80.degree. with 20.0 cc. SOCl<sub>2</sub>, stirred 15 min. at 80.degree., and dild. with 300 cc. petr. ether, and the resulting acid chloride added in portions with stirring and cooling to 150 cc. THF and 200 cc. concd. NH<sub>4</sub>OH yielded 23.0 g. amide of XXI, m. 224.degree. (HCONMe<sub>2</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O). X (18.0 g.) in 40 cc. PhCH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> heated 2 hrs. at 110.degree. and poured into 200 cc. 2N HCl yielded the ethylamide of XXI, m. 251-2.degree. (HCONMe<sub>2</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O). XXI (3.4 g.) condensed with CH<sub>2</sub>O gave 3.0 g. 7-chloro-6-sulfamoyl-1-benzyl-4-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinazoline (XXII), m. 244-5.degree. (decompn.) (HCONMe<sub>2</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O). XIII (3.0 g.) in 60 cc. HCONMe<sub>2</sub> hydrogenated under ambient conditions 10 min. over Pd black gave 1.9 g. 7-chloro-6-sulfamoyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinazoline, m. 256-8.degree. (decompn.). XXI (10 g.) in 200 cc. MeOH satd. a room temp. with dry HCl and kept overnight gave 5.2 g. Me ester of XXI, m. 188.degree. (aq. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>). Me ester (26.7 g.) of VI and 100 g. (PhCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH heated 3 hrs. on a steam bath and stirred into 1 l. N

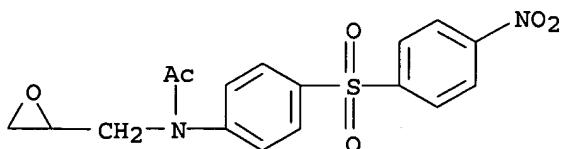
AcOH, and the ppt. heated 15 min. at 100.degree. with 500 cc. 0.5N NaOH gave 36.6 g. XIII (R = R' = H, R'' = R''' = PhCH<sub>2</sub>, X = Cl), decomp. 206.degree.. IV (5.4 g.) and 8 g. MePhCHNH<sub>2</sub> in (CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub> heated 3 hrs. at 150.degree. yielded 0.5 g. XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = MePhCH, X = Cl), m. 191-3.degree. (aq. EtOH). IV (10.8 g.) and 25 cc. PhCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> in (MeOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O refluxed 2 hrs. and acidified with HCl gave 12.2 g. XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = PhCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, X = Cl), decompg. 215.degree. (50% EtOH); method A. IV (10 g.) and 30 cc. PhNH<sub>2</sub> refluxed 12 hrs. and acidified with 200 cc. 2N HCl gave 5.7 g. XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = Ph, X = Cl), decomp. 245.degree. (40% MeOH); method B. IV (27 g.) and 200 cc. 10% aq. MeNH<sub>2</sub> heated 5 hrs. at 125-30.degree. yielded 14 g. XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = Me, X = Cl), m. 264.degree. (decompn.) (35% EtOH); method C. IV (10.8 g.) and 16 cc. piperidine in BuOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH refluxed 3 hrs. gave 10.4 g. (crude) 4-chloro-5-sulfamoyl-N,N-pentamethylenanthranilic acid, decomp. 224.degree. (50% MeOH); method D. Similarly were prep'd. the XIII listed in the 2nd table. VI (5.1 g.) and 6.3 g. 1-C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>7</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> in 15 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N refluxed 2 hrs., dild. with H<sub>2</sub>O, and acidified with HCl to pH 3 gave 6.3 g. XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = 1-C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>7</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, X = Cl), decomp. 222-3.degree. (90% EtOH). Amide (XXV) (5.8 g.) of XXIII, m. 232-3.degree. (aq. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>) in 300 cc. AcOH treated dropwise at 50.degree. with 1.02 cc. Br in 30 cc. AcOH and dild. with 600 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O yielded 5.3 g. dibromide of XXV, decomp. 193.degree. (80% EtOH). XXIV (20 g.) in 60 cc. 5N NaOH heated 2 hrs. on the steam bath and adjusted with dil. HCl to pH 7 gave 12.7 g. XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, X = Cl), decomp. 269.degree.. IV (10.8 g.) and 7.5 g. 80% N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> refluxed 2 hrs. in 20 cc. MeOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH and poured into 200 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O gave 6.2 g. pale yellow XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = NH<sub>2</sub>, X = Cl) (XXVI), decomp. 290.degree. (aq. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>). XXVI (1.5 g.) recrystd. from boiling N HCl and then H<sub>2</sub>O gave 1.0 g. 6-chloro-3-oxo-5-sulfamoylindazoline, decomp. 290.degree.. VIII (8.9 g.) in 20 cc. PhCH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> heated 3 hrs. on a steam bath gave 11.5 g. 2,4,5-Cl<sub>1</sub>(PhCH<sub>2</sub>NH) (H<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (XXVII), decomp. 232.degree. (EtOH). IX (16.-2 g.) and 16.2 g. PhCH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> in 60 cc. MeOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH refluxed 3 hrs. and poured into 300 cc. 5% AcOH, and the ppt'd. isomer mixt. (18.8 g.), m. 195-205% extd. twice with 250 cc. 90% boiling EtOH gave 1.6 g. amide (XXVIII) of XXVII, m. 260-2.degree. (aq. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>). XXVIII (3.4 g.), 1.0 cc. 30% aq. CH<sub>2</sub>O, 20 cc. EtOH, 20 cc. (MeOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O, and 10 cc. 0.2N NaOH heated 1 hr. on a steam bath yielded 2.7 g. 6-chloro-7-carbamoyl-4-benzyl-2,3-dihydro-4H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 244.degree. (aq. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>). R, R', R'', R''', X, m.p., % yield (method), reaction time (hrs.), , H, H, H, Me, Cl, 242-4.degree. (decompn.), 66, (C), 2; H, H, H, cyclohexylmethyl, Cl, 213.degree., -- (A), 3; H, H, H, 2-tetrahydrofurylmethyl, Cl, 228.degree. (decompn.), -- (A), 3; H, H, H, cyclohexyl, Cl, 248-9.degree. (decompn.), 40 (A), 3; H, H, H, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>17</sub>, Cl 211.degree., 43 (A), 3; H, H, H, CH<sub>2</sub>:CHCH<sub>2</sub> (XXIX), Cl, 218.degree. (decompn.), 71 (C), 2; H, H, Et, Et, Cl, 214.degree., 50 (C), 5; H, H, H, EtSCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, Cl, 192-3.degree., 42 (A), 3; H, H, H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH, Cl, 246.degree. (decompn.), 48 (B), 2; H, H, H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NHAc (XXX), Cl, 249.degree. (decompn.), 57 (D), 3; H, H, H, H, Cl, 270-2.degree. (decompn.), 83 (C), 3; VIII (4.0 g.) in 12 cc. XIV heated 2 hrs. on a steam bath, poured into 120 cc. 5% AcOH, and adjusted with HCl to pH 3 gave 3.45 g. III (R = R' = H, X = 2-furylmethylamino, Y = Cl) (XIX), decomp. 201-2.degree. with blackening (50% EtOH). XXIX (10 g.) in 50 cc. anhyd. HCO<sub>2</sub>H refluxed 2 hrs. gave 6.9 g. XXX, decomp. 336-8.degree.. XXX (10 g.) in 120 cc. N NaHCO<sub>3</sub> treated at room temp. with 4.0 g. NaBH<sub>4</sub> and kept 1 hr. at room temp. gave 6.9 g. 2,3-dihydro deriv. of XXX, decomp. 235-7.degree.. XXX (5.2 g.) in 100 cc. 2N NaOH heated 2 hrs. on the steam bath with 100 cc. 2N NaOH, cooled, and adjusted with 5N HCl to pH 2 yielded 3.5 g. III (R = R' = H, X = NH<sub>2</sub>, Y = Cl), decomp. 232-3.degree., which with CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>-THF gave the Me ester, m. 225.degree.. VIII converted to

the amide, m. 221.degree., and then heated 2 hrs. on the steam bath with 4 parts XIV gave the amide of XXIX, m. 226-7.degree. (aq. EtOH). XXIX with CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>-THF gave the Me ester of XXIX, m. 137.degree. (AcOEt-petr. ether). XXIX (3.3 g.) in 50 cc. EtOH heated 1 hr. on a steam bath with 1.5 cc. aq. CH<sub>2</sub>O and 2 cc. N NaOH and treated with 150 cc. 1% AcOH yielded 2.9 g. 4-furylmethyl-2,3-dihydro-4H-analog of XXX, decomp. 223-4.degree. with blackening and gas evolution. VIII (4.0 g.) in 12.0 cc. 2-tetrahydrofurylmethylamine stirred 1 hr. at 110.degree. and poured into 80 cc. 2N HCl gave 2.7 g. XIII (R = R' = R'' = H, R''' = 2-tetrahydrofurylmethyl, X = Cl), m. 217-18.degree. (75% EtOH).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:43634 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 64:43634  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 64:8112e-h,8113a-h,8114a-h,8115a-c  
 TITLE: Chemistry of furosemide. I. Syntheses of 5-sulfamoylantranilic acid derivatives  
 AUTHOR(S): Sturm, Karl; Siedel, Walter; Weyer, Rudi; Ruschig, Heinrich  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Farbwerte Hoechst A.-G., Frankfurt/M., Germany  
 SOURCE: Chem. Ber. (1966), 99(1), 328-44  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 IT 4793-50-4, Anthranilic acid, N-acetyl-5-(acetylsulfamoyl)-4-chloro-N-furfuryl- (prepn. of)  
 RN 4793-50-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Anthranilic acid, N-acetyl-5-(acetylsulfamoyl)-4-chloro-N-furfuryl- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 344 OF 348 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AB Unavailable  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:82598 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:82598  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:14417e-f  
 TITLE: Reactions of Ivanov-like reagents prepared from N,N-disubstituted toluene-.alpha.-sulfonamides  
 AUTHOR(S): Kim, Hyun Koo  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. of Michigan, Ann Arbor  
 SOURCE: (1964) 89 pp. Avail.: Univ. Microfilms (Ann Arbor, Mich.), Order No. 64-840  
 From: Dissertation Abstr. 24, 3097-8  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Dissertation  
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable  
 IT 93332-09-3, Acetanilide, N-(2,3-epoxypropyl)-4'--[ (p-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl]- (prepn. of)  
 RN 93332-09-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Acetanilide, N-(2,3-epoxypropyl)-4'--[ (p-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl]- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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AB A mixt. of 5 g. 4-nitro-4'-aminodiphenyl sulfone and 2.6 g. allyl bromide in 75 ml. EtOH was refluxed 3 hrs., evapd., NaHCO<sub>3</sub> soln. added to the residue, and the mixt. extd. with Et<sub>2</sub>O to give 3.5 g. 4-nitro-4'-allylaminodiphenyl sulfone (I), m. 110-15.degree.. Heating 5 g. I with 35 ml. Ac<sub>2</sub>O 2 hrs. gave 4-nitro-4'-allylacetylaminodiphenyl sulfone (II), m. 216-20.degree. (AcOH). To a cooled (-5.degree.) and vigorously agitated mixt. of 20 g. Bz<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and 300 ml. PhMe was added dropwise 50 ml. 10% EtONa in EtOH over 5 min., 350 ml. ice-H<sub>2</sub>O added, the mixt. kept with 2 g. II overnight, washed with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> soln., evapd., and the residue washed with Et<sub>2</sub>O, and refrigerated overnight to give 0.7 g. 4-nitro-4'-(.beta.,.gamma.-epoxypropyl)acetylaminodiphenyl sulfone (III), m. 103-5.degree.. Catalytic redn. of 0.5 g. III with 0.3 g. C and 30 ml. 0.5% PdCl<sub>2</sub> soln. 5 min. gave 0.2 g. 4-amino-4'-(.beta.,.gamma.-dihydroxypropyl)acetylaminodiphenyl sulfone (IV); picrolonate m. 135.degree. (decompn.) (H<sub>2</sub>O). A soln. of 0.2 g. III in 10 ml. EtOH was heated with aq. ethanolic HCl 30 min. to give 4-nitro-4'-acetonylaminodiphenyl sulfone, yellow, m. 141-2.degree. (EtOH). IV inhibits growth of Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:82597 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:82597

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:14417c-e

TITLE: Synthesis and antibacterial activity of 4-amino-4'-polyhydroxyalkylaminodiphenyl sulfone

AUTHOR(S): Maruyama, I. Kozo; Kawanabe, Koji

CORPORATE SOURCE: Meiji Coll. Pharm., Tokyo

SOURCE: Meiji Yakka Daigaku Kenkyu Kiyo (1963), 2, 69-72

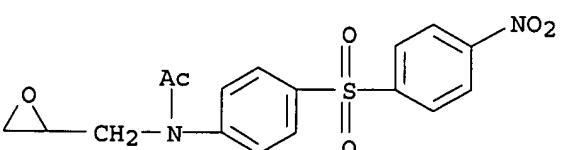
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

IT 93332-09-3, Acetanilide, N-(2,3-epoxypropyl)-4'-(p-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl]- (prepn. of)

RN 93332-09-3 CAPLUS

CN Acetanilide, N-(2,3-epoxypropyl)-4'-(p-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl]- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



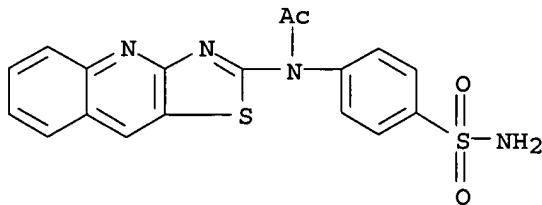
L6 ANSWER 346 OF 348 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

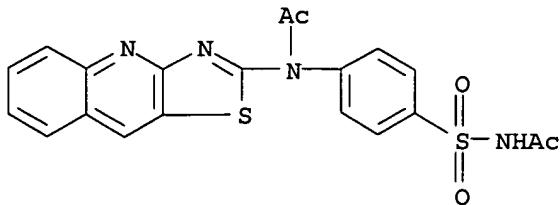
AB cf. CA 53, 15085d; 58, 5654a. I (R = NH<sub>2</sub>) (0.2 g.) and 0.4 g. p-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>Cl in 2 ml. anhyd. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N gave, after several min., 0.18 g. I (R = p-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NH), m. >335.degree. (PhNO<sub>2</sub>). Similarly was prep'd. I (R =

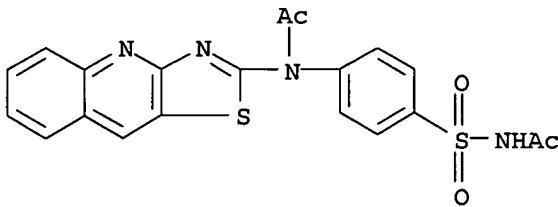
p-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NH), m. 312-13.degree. (decompn.), (PhNH<sub>2</sub>), and I (R = p-AcNHC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NH), m. 327-8.degree. (decompn.) (PhNO<sub>2</sub>), hydrolyzed to I (R = p-H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NH), m. 335.degree.. I (R = Cl) (0.13 g.) and 0.1 g. sulfanilamide in 3 ml. EtOH refluxed on a water bath 10 min., gave I (R = p-H<sub>2</sub>NSO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NH), m. 296-8.degree. (decompn.) (aq. EtOH); N<sub>4</sub>-acetyl deriv. (III), m. 247-8.degree. (decompn.) (EtOH). I (R = Cl) (1 g.) and 1 g. N<sub>1</sub>acetylsulfanilamide in 30 ml. EtOH refluxed on a water bath gave yellow I (R = p-H<sub>2</sub>NSO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NAC).HCl, m. 294-5.degree. (decompn.); free base, m. 316-17.degree. (decompn.) (PhNO<sub>2</sub>). III (0.43 g.) refluxed with Ac<sub>2</sub>O 60-90 min. gave the N<sub>2</sub>,N<sub>4</sub>diacetyl deriv., m. 287-8.degree. (decompn.). I (R = Cl) (0.1 g.) and ethanolamine in 1 ml. EtOH warmed 15 min. on a water bath, gave I (R = HOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH), 0.11 g. m. 240-2.degree. (EtOH). Also prep'd. was I (R = N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub> m. 177 9.degree. (H<sub>2</sub>O), which with SOCl<sub>2</sub> in CHCl<sub>3</sub> gave I (R = N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl)<sub>2</sub>).HCl, m. 216.degree. (decompn.) Similarly were prep'd. the following II (R and m.p. given): p-AcNHC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NH, 333-4.degree. (decompn.) (PhNO<sub>2</sub>); H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NH, m. 306-7.degree. (decompn.) (aq. EtOH); p-H<sub>2</sub>NSO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NH, 318-19.degree. (decompn.); N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub>, 223-4.degree. (aq. EtOH); N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl)<sub>2</sub>, (HCl salt m. 137.degree.).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:441662 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 59:41662  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 59:7508d-f  
 TITLE: Thiazoloquinolines. VII. Novel 2-substituted derivs.  
       of thiazolo[4,5-b]- and [5,4-b]quinolines  
 AUTHOR(S): Denes, V.; Ciurdaru, Gh.  
 SOURCE: Acad. Rep. Populare Romine, Filiala Cluj, Studii  
       Cercetari Chim. (1962), 13(1), 89-94  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable  
 IT 98220-55-4, Thiazolo[4,5-b]quinoline, 2-[N-(p-sulfamoylphenyl)acetamido]- 100354-24-3, Sulfanilamide,  
       N<sub>1</sub>,N<sub>4</sub>-diacetyl-N<sub>4</sub>-thiazolo[4,5-b]quinolin-2-yl-  
       (prepn. of)  
 RN 98220-55-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Thiazolo[4,5-b]quinoline, 2-[N-(p-sulfamoylphenyl)acetamido]- (7CI) (CA  
       INDEX NAME)



RN 100354-24-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Sulfanilamide, N<sub>1</sub>,N<sub>4</sub>-diacetyl-N<sub>4</sub>-thiazolo[4,5-b]quinolin-2-yl- (7CI) (CA  
       INDEX NAME)





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AB A mixt. of 99.2 g. p-H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>-p (I), 155.2 g. epichlorohydrin, 28 ml. 2-methoxyethanol, and 14 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O was treated at 60.degree. for 5 days, mixed with 200 ml. MeCOEt and 121 ml. aq. 640 g./l. KOH for 2.5 hrs. at 40.degree., and H<sub>2</sub>O added. The org. layer was sepd., dild. with 200 ml. ethylene dichloride, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, and evapd. to yield 130 g. N,N,N',N'-tetraepoxide deriv. of I of softening point (s.p.) 40.degree., epoxy value 6.44 equivs./kg. A similar resin, prep'd. by digesting for 6 days and by using NaOH in place of KOH, had a s.p. of 50.degree. and epoxy value of 5.76 equivs./kg. and was used to prep. a 2-part adhesive, part (a) contg. the resin and MeOAc and part (b) contg. the resin, I, and MeOAc; the 2 parts are mixed immediately before using to bond sheets of Al, the bonded sheets having higher tensile shear strength at 260.degree. than those bonded with Bisphenol A resin, but a lower shear strength at .1toreq.150.degree..

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:3807 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 58:3807

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 58:640c-e

TITLE: Epoxy-resin adhesives from diaminodiphenyl sulfones

INVENTOR(S): Garnish, Edward W.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): CIBA (A.R.L.) Ltd.

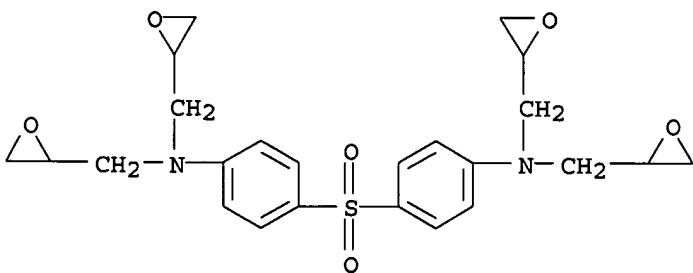
SOURCE: 6 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	GB 907844		19621010	GB	19590415
IT	95954-72-6	Aniline, 4,4'-sulfonylbis[N,N-bis(2,3-epoxypropyl)- (adhesive manuf. from)			
RN	95954-72-6	CAPLUS			
CN	Oxiranemethanamine, N,N'-(sulfonyldi-4,1-phenylene)bis[N-(oxiranylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				



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AB Passing 9.1 g. dry HCl into 21 g. dihydropyran at 10.degree. and adding the 2-chlorotetrahydropyran to 33.3 g. AgCN in 125 cc. refluxing anhyd. Et<sub>2</sub>O, refluxing the mixt. 3 hrs., and evapg. the Et<sub>2</sub>O from the filtered soln. yield 38% 2-cyanotetrahydropyran (I), b<sub>22</sub> 81.5.degree., nD<sub>20</sub> 1.4425, d<sub>20</sub> 1.0128. Refluxing 6.1 g. I 5 hrs. with 5 g. NaOH in 45 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, acidifying the soln. with 15 cc. 6N H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and extg. with Et<sub>2</sub>O give 67% tetrahydropyran-1-carboxylic acid, b<sub>24</sub> 144-7.degree., nD<sub>20</sub> 1.4661, d<sub>20</sub> 1.161. Adding 6.1 g. I in 40 cc. Et<sub>2</sub>O dropwise to 0.1 mole PhMgBr in 75 cc. Et<sub>2</sub>O, keeping the mixt. 8 hrs., pouring it onto 75 g. ice and 10 cc. concd. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, extg. the aq. layer with Et<sub>2</sub>O, and distg. the residue of the Et<sub>2</sub>O soln. yield 2-benzoyltetrahydropyran, b<sub>26</sub> 170-1.degree., nD<sub>20</sub> 1.5445, d<sub>20</sub> 1.102 (2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone, m. 171-3.degree.). Adding 22.2 g. I in 40 cc. Et<sub>2</sub>O dropwise at 0.degree. to 7.6 g. LiAlH<sub>4</sub> in Et<sub>2</sub>O, then adding 8 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, 6 cc. 6N NaOH, and another 28 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, decanting the Et<sub>2</sub>O, refluxing the ppt. 10 min. with Et<sub>2</sub>O, and distg. the residue of the Et<sub>2</sub>O exts. give 66% 2-aminomethyltetrahydropyran (II), b<sub>21</sub> 64-6.degree., nD<sub>20</sub> 1.4598, d<sub>20</sub> 1.9635. Cautiously adding 31.6 g. p-AcNH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>Cl to 15 g. II in 20.8 g. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N, heating the mixt. 45 min. at 100.degree., and pouring it into 130 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O acidified with HCl yield 30 g. N-(2-tetrahydropyryanyl methyl)-4-acetamidobenzenesulfonamide (III), m. 131.5-3.5.degree., which, refluxed 1 hr. with 200 cc. 2N NaOH and the soln. neutralized with concd. HCl, gives 46% N-(2-tetrahydropyryanyl methyl)-4-aminobenzenesulfonamide, flakes, m. 95-7.degree. (methiodide, 40%, m. 188-90.degree.). III is found to be inactive in vitro toward *Proteus vulgaris* and in vivo toward a strain of hemolytic *streptococcus*.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1957:39235 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 51:39235

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 51:7365d-g

TITLE: Preparation and derivatives of 2-cyanotetrahydropyran  
Nelson, Bernard A.; Hodges, Elizabeth J.; Simon, Justine I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Wheaton Coll., Wheaton, IL

SOURCE: J. Org. Chem. (1956), 21, 798-9  
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

IT 106736-58-7, Acetanilide, 4'-sulfamoyl-N-[(tetrahydropyran-2-yl)methyl]-  
(prepn. of)

RN 106736-58-7 CAPLUS

CN Acetanilide, 4'-sulfamoyl-N-[(tetrahydropyran-2-yl)methyl]- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

